

Agribusiness: A path to prosperity

Module 1: Transitioning from subsistence to commercial farming

A handout for farmers



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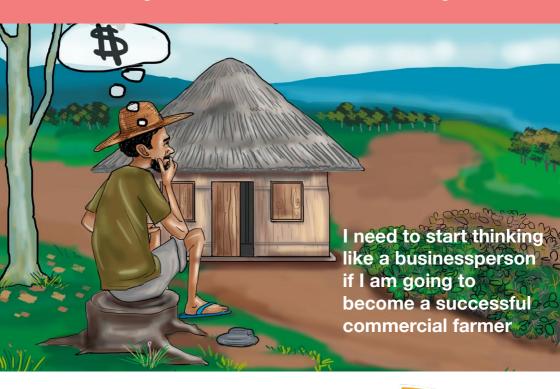
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Commercial agriculture is the production of crops or animals to sell for money



Who makes a good commercial farmer?

Characteristics of a good commercial farmer include:



RISK is taking a chance even when the outcome is uncertain

If we don't take risks, we might not lose very often, but we usually **won't make profit.**



Successful commercial farmers **make a plan before** they start producing and take

steps to reduce their risk.



If I want to be a producer, processor and a seller of my product, this **will take a lot of my time** and I won't be able to focus heavily on improving my production.

If I try to plant, transport, look for a market and sell my product by myself, I will **take all the profit** but I will also **take all the risk**.

In the modern market economy, the PRICE I receive for my product is NOT set by the government.

Four factors influence the market price:

- 1. Costs
- 2. Competition
- 3. Supply
- 4. Demand

Refore I sell my product, I need to **know my costs** so I can decide on the best price for my product.

I should establish a **price which is higher than my costs**, but that consumers will still accept.

If my product costs more than buyers are willing to pay, they will not buy it. Then I cannot sell my product and EVERYONE LOSES.



COMPETITION is when other sellers **compete with me** to sell the same product.

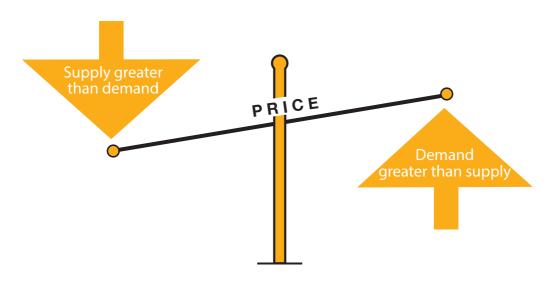


DEMAND is the amount of a product that people **want to buy.**

SUPPLY is the **quantity of product available**

for people to buy.

SUPPLY and DEMAND are the two most important factors that determine price



Prices in local markets **depend on the quantity of product** available. During harvest times, prices drop
because there is a large supply of products.

Sometimes, **global prices** have an effect on the price of my product because imported products (e.g. rice) are sometimes available at a low price.



Asking for a price based only on the price that other sellers are asking is not the best way to succeed in business.

ECONOMY OF SCALE is when I increase production, and reduce my overall production costs **per kilogram**.



In order to become a successful commercial farmer,

I don't need to ask a high price for each product

I sell.



The highest price is not always the best price, because **there may be less buyers.**

It is better to **reduce my price** and **and sell more** because I will attract more buyers.

MAKE SMALL GAINS, BUT OFTEN.

A VALUE CHAIN is the process of moving my product to the consumer through various businesses that buy and sell goods.



Key stakeholders in a value chain include:

- Producers Who grow or make the produce.
- Aggregators (small traders) Who buy small quantities of local produce and sell them in larger quantities.
- Wholesalers (big traders) Who buy and sell big quantities of produce.
- Processors Who buy the produce and use it to make something else.
- Retailers Who buy large quantities of produce, divide or package them, and then sell them.
- Consumers Who eat or use the final product.

Each business in a value chain depends on the others to move the product to the consumer.

Simple international value chain:



The price of a product **cannot stay the same** throughout the whole value chain because each business involved, whether as an aggregator, processor or retailer **must make a profit**.

Everyone in the value chain has costs, including farmers. **Everyone must make a profit** or the value chain will not function well.

If any business in the value chain is not making money, **the system stops working** and my product will not make it to the consumer.



If I **put my product** together with my neighbours in a single place, we can **reduce the costs** for buyers.

If a buyer is making good money, they **will come back regularly** and buy our produce.

Money will not coming looking for me. I must go out and look for money!

